

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A driving method for a liquid crystal display, wherein one image frame comprises n (n is an integer of 2 or more) subframes, each of which comprises a red image, a green image and a blue image, and wherein a red, a green or a blue backlight turns on corresponding to display of the red image, the green image or the blue image, said method comprising the step of:

compressing an original video [[signals]] signal by 1/(3n) times in a time axis direction by a n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit, and

writing a video signal for one of the red image, the green image and the blue image, and

turning on the corresponding one of the red, the green and the blue backlight after finishing the writing of the video signal,

wherein said liquid crystal display comprises:

a substrate having an insulating surface;

an active matrix circuit comprising a plurality of first thin film transistors provided over said substrate;

a driver circuit comprising a plurality of second thin film transistors provided over said substrate for driving said active matrix circuit,

wherein said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises a third thin film transistor over said substrate,

~~wherein the n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit supplies a turn-on timing signal to a turn-on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn-on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to a display section,~~

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors, the second thin film transistors and the third thin film transistor has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors, the second thin film transistors and the third thin film transistor has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

2. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 1, wherein the n is 3.

3. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display comprising:

at least one backlight for feeding red light, green light and blue light;

a display section for displaying an image when voltage is applied to a liquid crystal, wherein said display section comprises a plurality of pixels in a matrix formed over a substrate; and

~~an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit for supplying a turn-on timing signal to a turn-on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn-on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to said display section,~~

wherein the display section displays a plurality of frames in one second, each of which comprises n subframes, where n is an integer of 2 or more,

wherein each of said n subframes comprising a red image, a green image and a blue image,

wherein said n subframes respectively include backlight turn-on period and backlight turn-off period in which a video signal is written into the pixels,

~~wherein said at least one backlight feeds red light, green light or blue light to the display section when the red image, the green image or the blue image is to be displayed,~~

~~wherein said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises a thin film transistor formed over said substrate,~~

wherein the thin film transistor has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein the thin film transistor has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

4. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 wherein the n is 3.

5. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 4, wherein the liquid crystal is a ferroelectric liquid crystal.

6. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display comprising:  
at least one backlight comprising a red LED, a green LED and a blue LED;  
a display section for displaying an image when voltage is applied to a liquid crystal,  
wherein said display section comprises a plurality of pixels in a matrix form over a substrate,  
~~and~~

~~an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit for supplying a LED turn-on timing signal to a LED turn-on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said LED turn-on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to said display section,~~

wherein the display section displays a plurality of frames in one second, each of the frames comprising n (n is an integer of 2 or more) subframes, each of which comprises a red image, a green image and a blue image,

which comprises n subframes, where n is an integer of 2 or more,

wherein each of said n subframes comprising a red image, a green image and a blue image,

~~and wherein the red LED, the green LED, or the blue LED feeds light to the display section when the red image, the green image or the blue image is to be displayed,~~

wherein said n subframes respectively include LED turn-on period and LED turn-off period in which a video signal is written into the pixels,

~~wherein said n speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises a thin film transistor formed over said substrate,~~

wherein the thin film transistor has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein the thin film transistor has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

7. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 6, wherein the n is 3.

8. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 7, wherein the liquid crystal is a ferroelectric liquid crystal.

9. (Currently Amended) A method for driving a liquid crystal display comprising the steps of:

displaying a plurality of frames in one second, wherein each of said plurality of frames is divided into subframes of a number that is an integer larger than 2, wherein each of said plurality of subframes comprises a red image, a green image and a blue image, and wherein ~~backlights of red, green, and blue are provided corresponding to a timing of said red image, said green image and said blue image; and~~

compressing original video signals by  $1/(3n)$  times in a time axis direction by an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit,

writing a video signal for one of the red image, the green image and the blue image, and

turning on the corresponding one of the red, the green and the blue backlight after finishing the writing of the video signal,

wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a plurality of first thin film transistors formed over a substrate, and said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises a second thin film transistor formed over said substrate,

~~wherein the n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit supplies a turn-on timing signal to a turn-on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn-on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to a display section,~~

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline crystallized silicon, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

10. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a head mounted display.

11. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a video camera.

12. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a still camera.

13. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a projector.

14. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a car navigation equipment.

15. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a personal computer.

16. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a portable information terminal.

17. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 16 wherein said portable information terminal is a mobile computer.

18. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 16 wherein said portable information terminal is a cellular phone.

19. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a goggle type display.

20. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 3 or 6 wherein said liquid crystal display comprises a player using a recording medium recorded with a program.

21. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a head mounted display.

22. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a video camera.

23. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a still camera.

24. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a projector.

25. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a car navigation equipment.

26. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a personal computer.

27. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a portable information terminal.

28. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 27 wherein said portable information terminal is a mobile computer.

29. (Original) A liquid crystal display according to claim 27 wherein said portable information terminal is a cellular phone.

30. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a goggle type display.

31. (Original) A method according to claim 9 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a player using a recording medium recorded with a program.

32. (Currently Amended) A method for displaying a liquid crystal display comprising

steps of:

compressing an original red video signal entered from outside by 1/(3n) into a red video signal by an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit, wherein n is an integer larger than 2 representing a number of subframes that comprise a frame, and wherein the n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit supplies a turn-on timing signal to a turn-on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn-on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to a display section;

supplying a red light from LED backlight onto a light conductor plate during the red video signal;

rendering the red light from LED backlight into a planar uniform light by the light conductor plate;

feeding the red light onto a liquid crystal panel, said liquid crystal panel comprising a plurality of first thin film transistors in a matrix form over a substrate;

optically modulating the red light, thereby giving image information wherein said step of compressing an original red video signal is started by a video signal writing start signal, writing the red video signal for a red image, and

turning on the red LED after finishing the writing of the red video signal,

wherein said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises at least one second thin film transistor formed over said substrate, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

33. (Currently Amended) A method displaying a liquid crystal display comprising steps of:

compressing an original green video signal entered from outside by 1/(3n) into a green video signal by an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit, wherein n is an integer larger than 2 representing a number of subframes that comprise a frame, and wherein the n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit supplies a turn-on timing

~~signal to a turn on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to a display section;~~

~~supplying a green light from LED backlight onto a light conductor plate during the green video signal;~~

~~rendering the green light from LED backlight into a planar uniform light by the light conductor plate;~~

~~feeding the green light onto a liquid crystal panel, said liquid crystal panel comprising a plurality of first thin film transistors in a matrix form over a substrate;~~

~~optically modulating the green light, thereby giving image information wherein said step of compressing an original green video signal is started by a video signal writing start signal,~~

writing the green video signal for a green image, and

turning on the red LED after finishing the writing of the red video signal,

wherein said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises at least one second thin film transistor formed over said substrate, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

34. (Currently Amended) A method for displaying a liquid crystal display comprising steps of:

~~compressing original blue video signal entered from outside by 1/(3n) into a blue video signal by an n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit, wherein n is an integer larger than 2 representing a number of subframes that comprise a frame, and wherein the n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit supplies a turn on timing signal to a turn on circuit and a field sequential color video signal to a controller, with said turn on circuit being operationally connected to said at least one backlight, and with said controller being operationally connected to a display section;~~

~~supplying blue light from LED backlight onto a light conductor plate during the blue~~

~~video signal;~~

~~rendering the blue light from LED backlight into a planar uniform light by the light conductor plate;~~

~~feeding the blue light onto a liquid crystal panel, said liquid crystal panel comprising a plurality of first thin film transistors in a matrix form over a substrate;~~

~~optically modulating the blue light, thereby giving image information wherein said step of compressing an original blue video signal is started by a video signal writing start signal,~~

writing the blue video signal for a blue image, and

turning on the red LED after finishing the writing of the blue video signal,

wherein said n-speed field sequential color signal generation circuit comprises at least one second thin film transistor formed over said substrate, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a channel forming region comprising a crystalline silicon, and

wherein at least one of the first thin film transistors and the second thin film transistors has a low concentration impurity region adjacent to the channel forming region.

35. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33 or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a head mounted display.

36. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a video camera.

37. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a still camera.

38. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a projector.

39. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a car navigation equipment.

40. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a personal computer.

41. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33, or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a portable information terminal.

42. (Original) A method according to claim 41 wherein said portable information terminal is a mobile computer.

43. (Original) A method according to claim 41 wherein said portable information terminal is a cellular phone.

44. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 32, 33 or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a goggle type display.

45. (Original) A method according to claim 32, 33 or 34 wherein said liquid crystal display is used in a player using a recording medium recorded with a program.